

AKROS

AN H2APEX COMPANY

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Salt as an Energy Carrier



*Bicarbonate-Formate Cycle
for Hydrogen Storage*

KHCO_3 : Potassium Bicarbonate (SALT-)

KHCO_2 : Potassium Formate (SALT+)



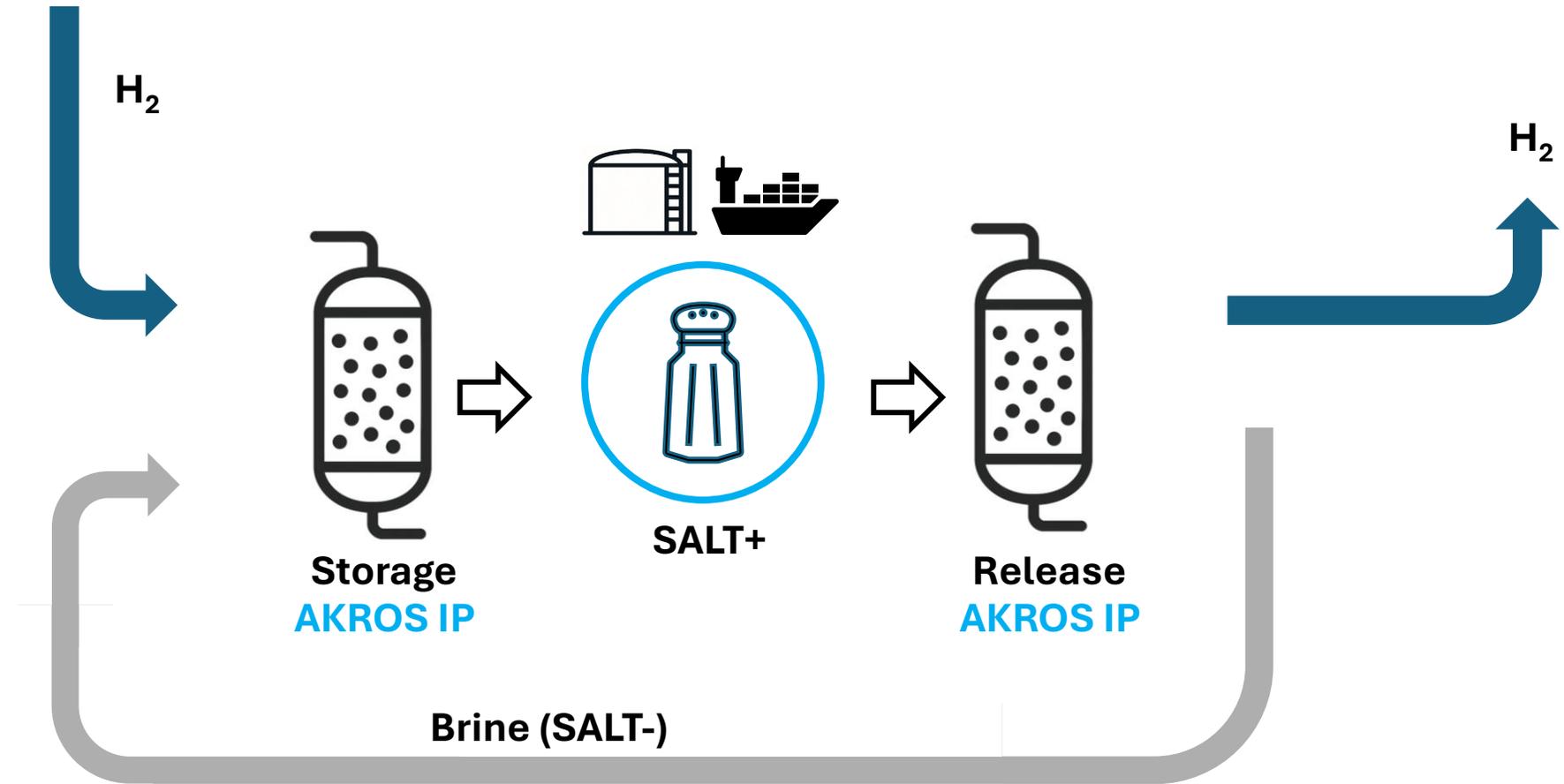
Hydrogen storage materials compared

	Formate	Liquid H2	Ammonia	LOHC
		 	   	 
Storage efficiency (round-trip)	77%	63%	30%	42%
Process parameters	60 °C 0 – 30 bar	- 260 °C	400 – 500 °C 100 – 300 bar	300 °C 0 – 50 bar
H ₂ Content (wt%)	2,4%	100%	17,6%	6,5%
H ₂ Content (kg/m ³)	45,5	70,8	121,0	65,7

Highest efficiency, lowest handling requirements



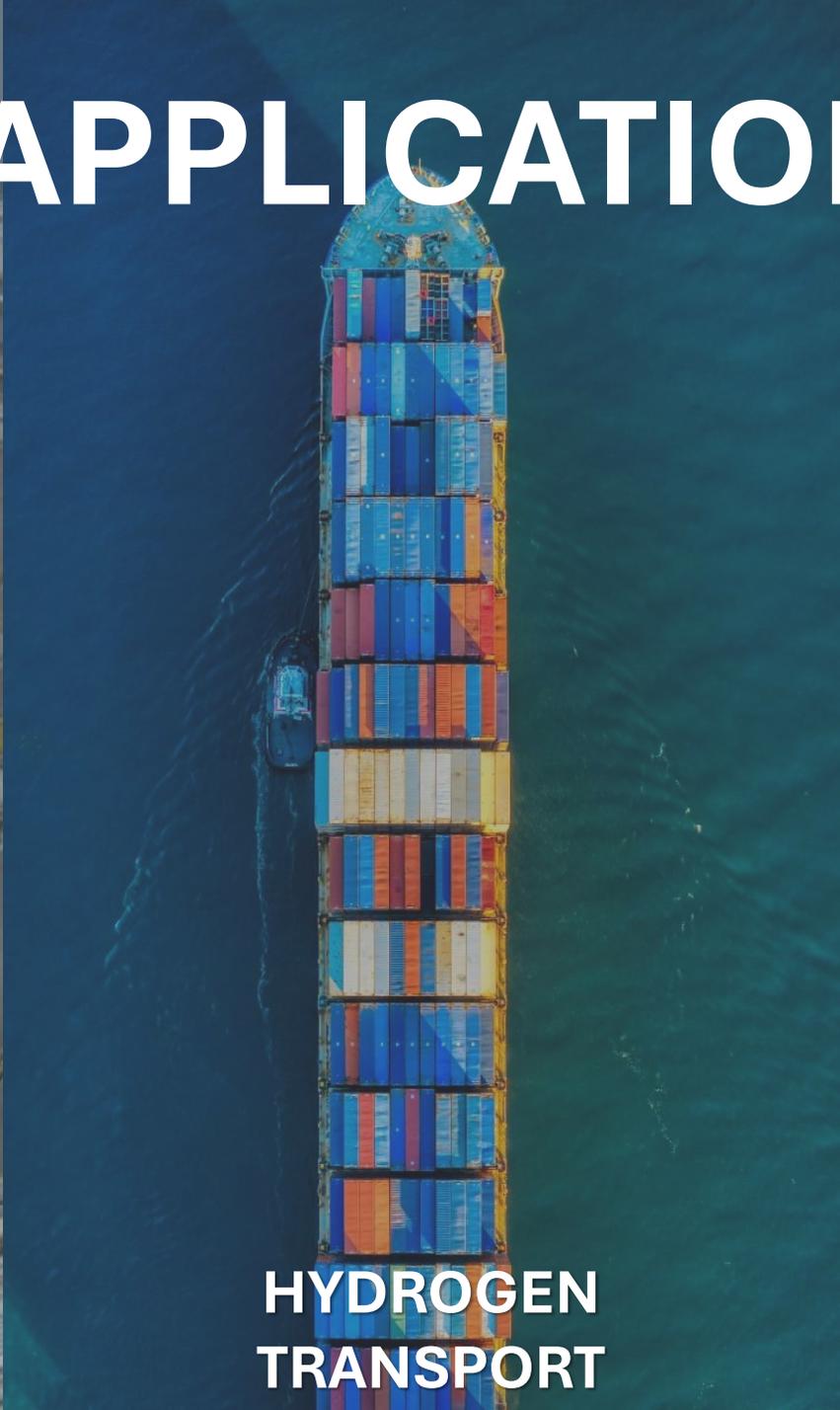
The Process



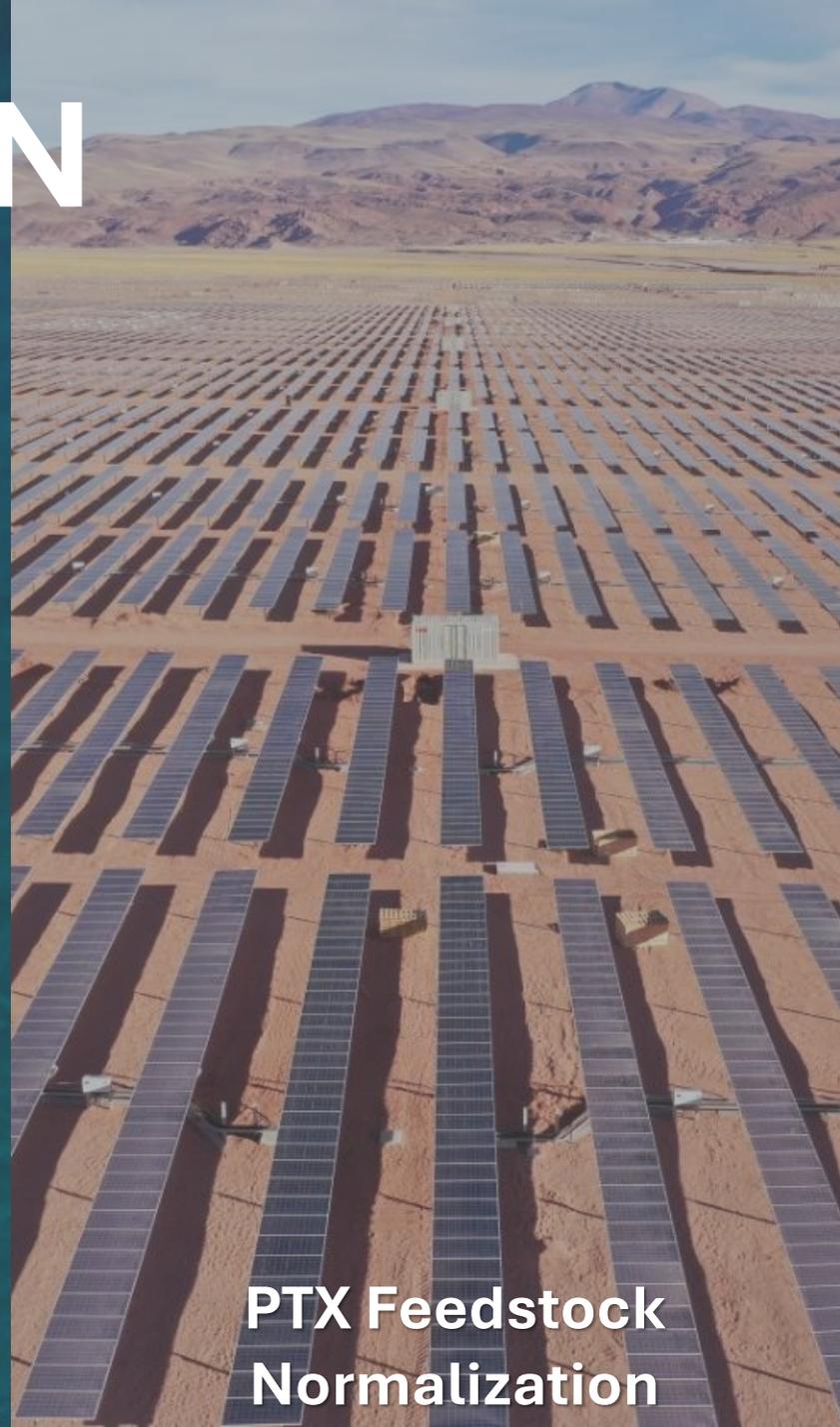
AREAS OF APPLICATION



**STATIONARY HYDROGEN
STORAGE**



**HYDROGEN
TRANSPORT**

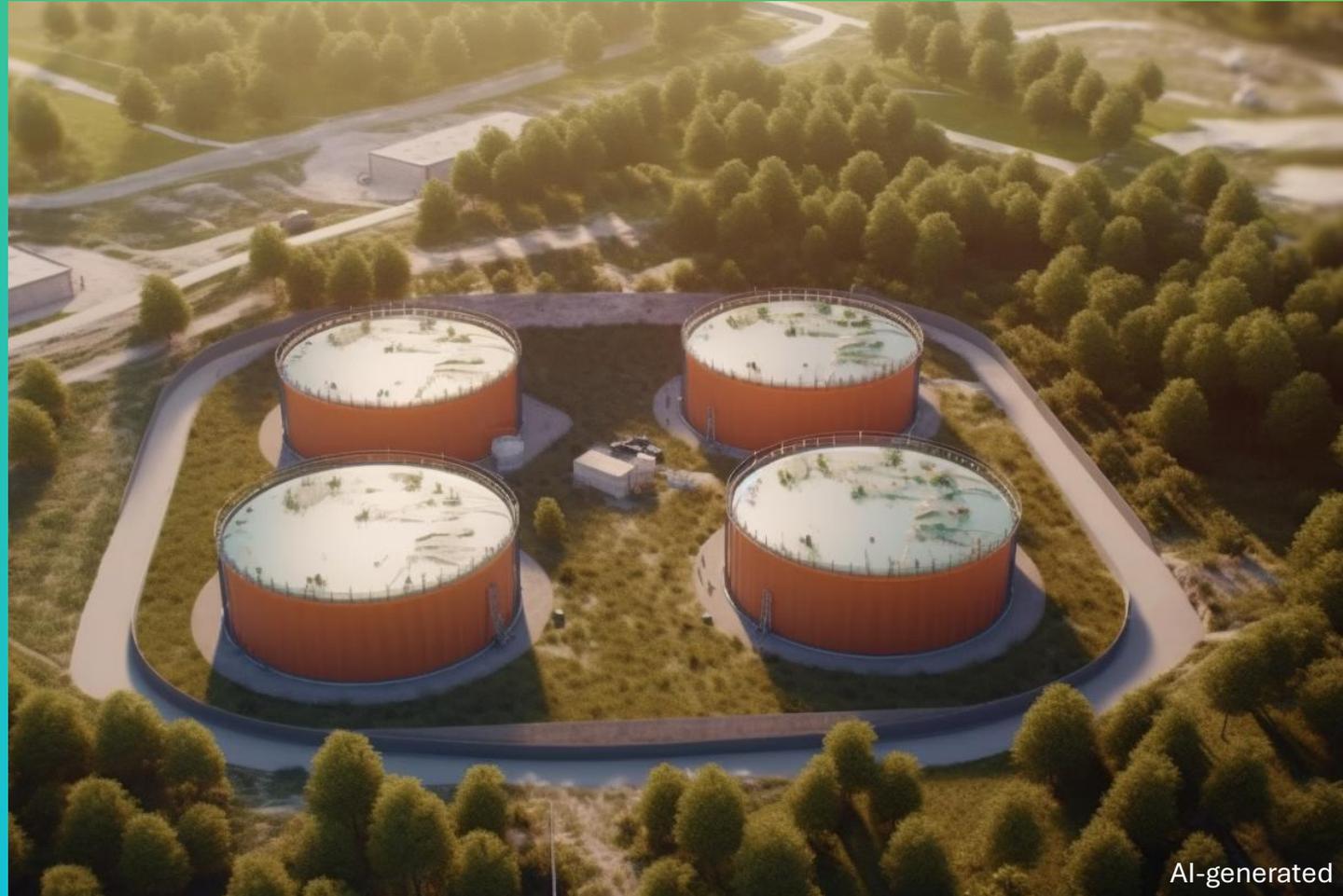


**PTX Feedstock
Normalization**

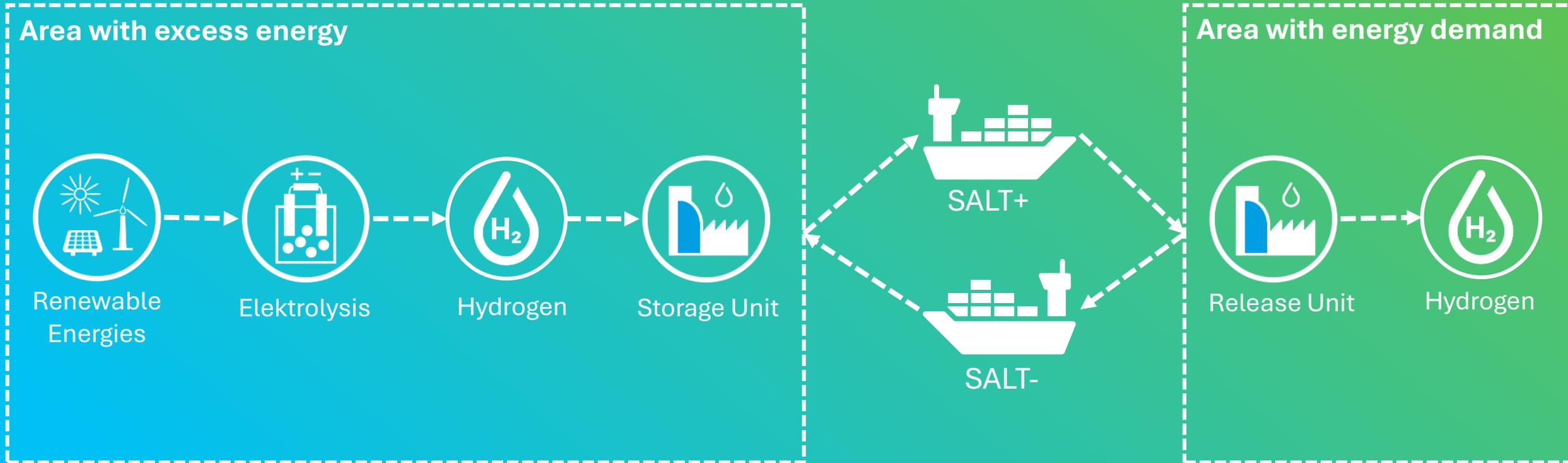
USE CASE 1: STATIONARY STORAGE



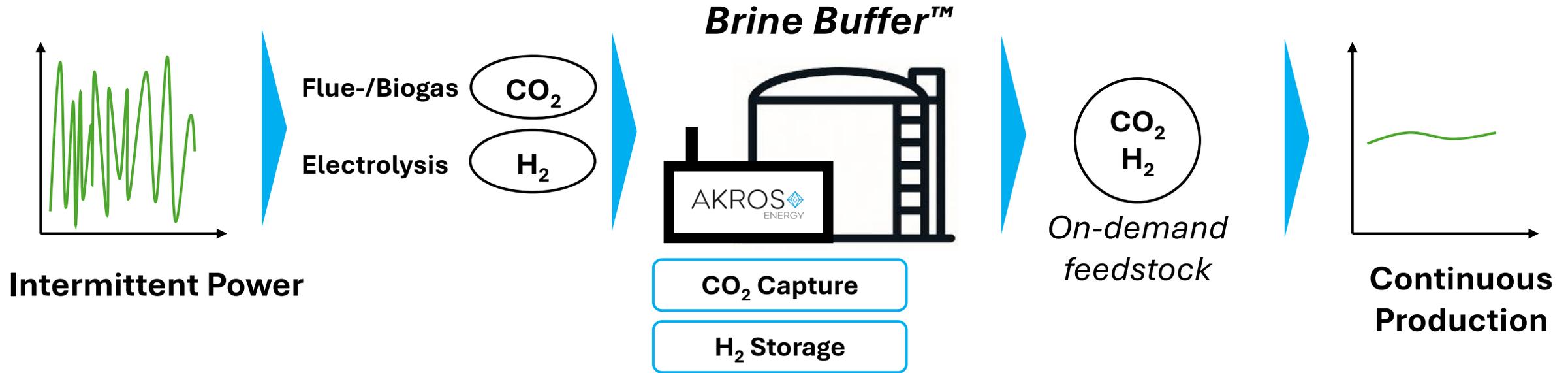
- Long-term energy storage (> 1 week)
- Highly efficient for maximum energy conservation
- High acceptance due to totally safe technology



USE CASE 2: GLOBAL HYDROGEN TRANSPORT



USE CASE 3: PTX FEEDSTOCK NORMALIZATION

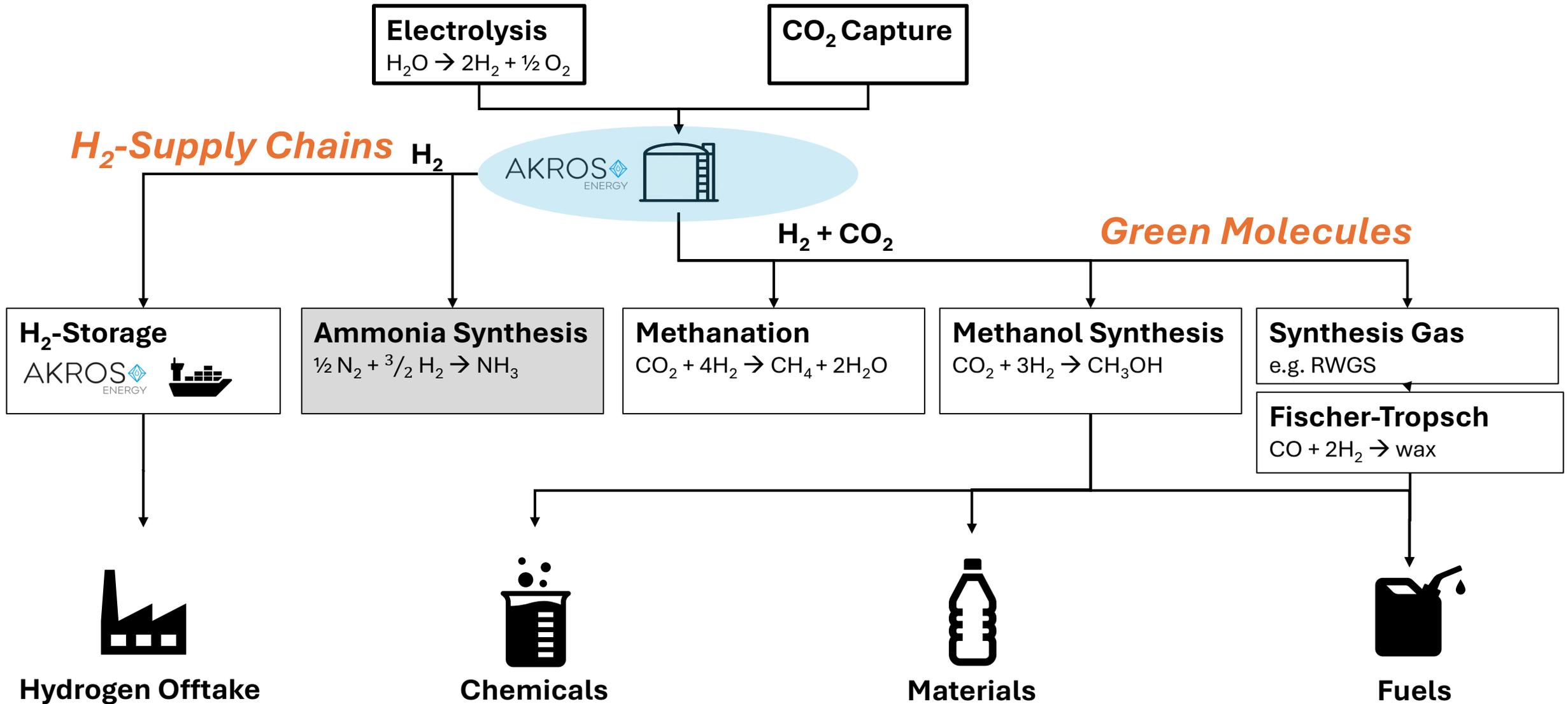


Cut renewable feedstock costs by

- (A) Turning intermittency into continuous feedstock flows
- (B) Integrating CO_2 capturing and H_2 buffering into one process



Markets

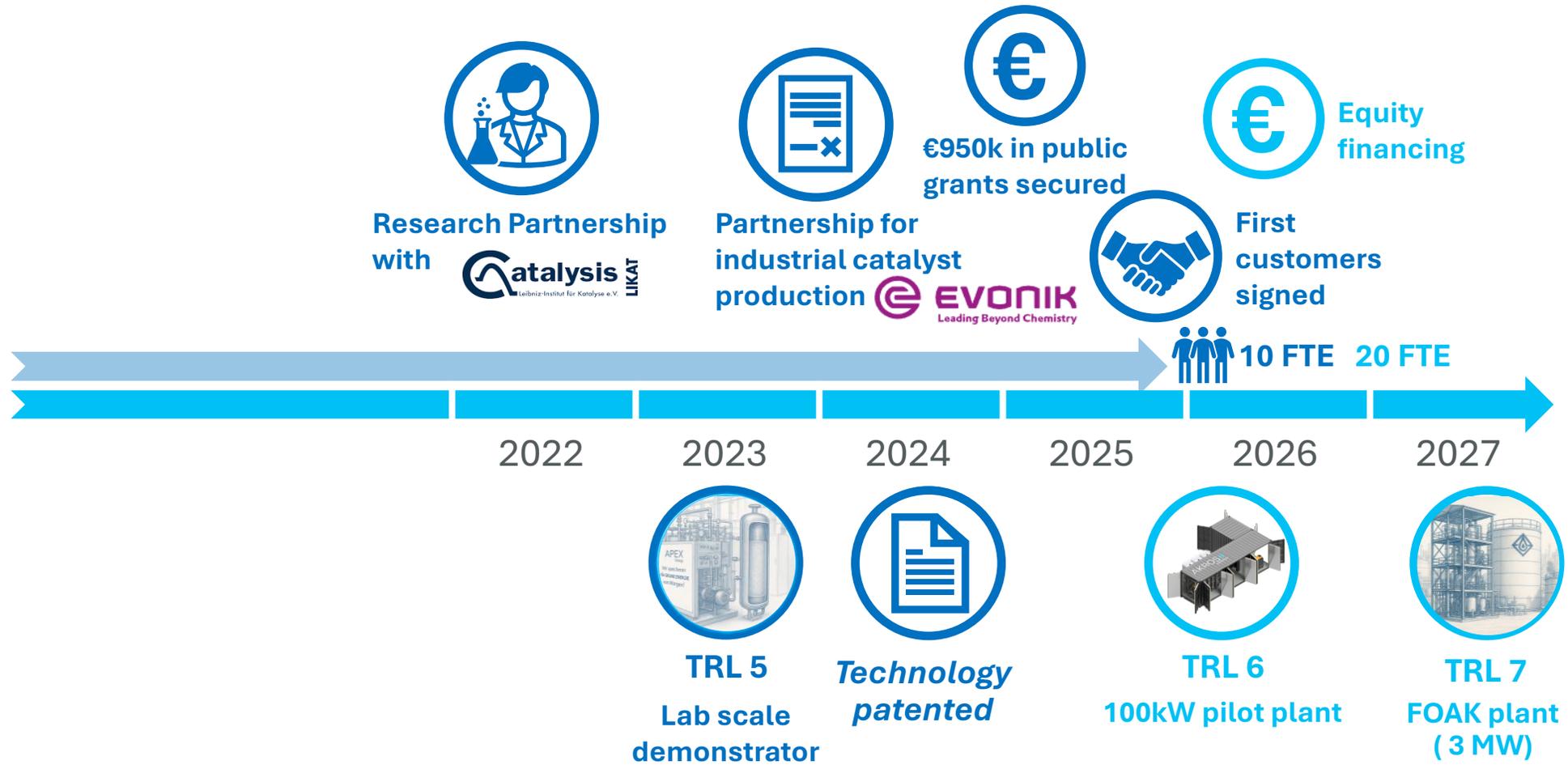


Out-of-scope



Timeline

H2/APEX  → AKROS 



THANKS